 **Growth and Change Introduction**

**Canada’s Economy**

* Up to the late 1800s, Canada’s economy had been based almost entirely on natural resources;
* Fur trade, farming, fishing, and forestry were main resources;
* Between 1890-1914 Canada witnessed the rapid growth of mining and manufacturing.

**New Communities**

* Lethbridge, Alberta, and Sudbury, Ontario developed to take advantage of local resources;
* Older cities, such as Montreal, Quebec, and Toronto continued to grow into large manufacturing centres.

**Conclusion**

* Factories were built to take advantage of the large supple and cheap labour;
* Growth of cities brought new challenges;
* Workers, including women and children, worked long hours in terrible conditions for very little pay.